

## FACT BOOK 2006

## Antelope Valley Community College District

## BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The following citizens currently serve as members of the Antelope Valley College Board of Trustees:

Steve Buffalo

Steve Fox

Jack Seefus

Betty J. Wienke
Earl J. Wilson
Harmony Perkins, Student Trustee

## CREDITS:

Director, Theodore Younglove
Research Technician, Veronica Montes de Oca
Graphics and Design, Vicki Mathias

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction and General Technical Notes ..... 6
SECTION ONE: Antelope Valley College Service Area ..... 8
SECTION TWO: Student Enrollment Trends ..... 17
SECTION THREE: New AVC Students ..... 25
SECTION FOUR: Specific Student Populations. ..... 32
SECTION FIVE: Faculty and Staff ..... 39
SECTION SIX: Outcomes and Measures of Success ..... 41
Addendum ..... 48
Accountability in Higher Education ..... 49
List of Figures and Tables ..... 50

## INTRODUCTION AND GENERAL TECHNICAL NOTES

THE ANTELOPE VALLEY FACT BOOK is a reference manual containing trend data concerning the district's service area, students, faculty, staff, instructional programs and services. Data and analysis contained in this volume provide background information to facilitate policy analysis and decision-making. Intended audiences for this compendium are district managers, faculty and staff, as well as other interested educational institutions and the community served by Antelope Valley College. We hope that it will be useful in analyzing information for program review and that it will facilitate the work for accreditation self-studies.

The director and research technician compiled the information in this book with assistance from the admittance accounting technician. Nearly all the AVC data were drawn from our own analyses of college databases; exceptions and additional sources are identified in the technical footnotes. The primary source for student data used in this publication is the MIS data. Other sources include Banner student data, various state and federal reports, as well as external data (i.e., U.S. Census) concerning the communities we serve. Differences in numbers between this and other documents may occur because of the particular criteria applied when the data are selected. When a breakdown of a category includes a group called "Unknown," this group includes those who either left the category blank, or who marked "Unknown" or "Decline to State." When the "Unknown" category refers to age, it represents those whose age seems unreasonable for a community college student. The age may have resulted from an erroneous date of birth entry.

The ethnic categories are those currently defined in the California Community Colleges' MIS Data Element Dictionary. The category Asian Pacific includes those who identify Asian, Pacific Islander or Filipino as their ethnic group. Native American/Alaskan Native and Others are combined with Unknowns in some cases. In previous editions of the AVC Fact Book, Filipino and Hispanic students were combined.

All the information about AVC students reported in this book has been obtained from the student records database. That database, which was established in 1985, has undergone numerous structural changes over the years and data sources and data entry practices have changed as well. If you have questions regarding any data outcomes, please contact the Office of Institutional Research. For those who wish to refer to the Fact Book as a reference, we have added a list of tables and charts at the back.

## VISION FOR THE OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH

Institutional research, data and information are provided to national, state and community organizations, and to internal college offices to foster a 'data driven campus' with easy access to accurate institutional data and widely distributed reports that are easy to read and easy to use by multiple campus constituents to measure effectiveness and enhance improvement.

## MISSION

The primary purpose of the Office of Institutional Research is to provide useful, accurate and timely information to Antelope Valley College (AVC) decision makers. In addition, the office participates in meaningful discussions of the college's purpose and performance.

## INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH GOALS

- Provide technical assistance in assessment and performance evaluation; research design and methodology; and data access, analysis, and reporting to internal college offices involved in academic instruction, grants, programs and services for planning and accountability purposes.
- Create links between strategic planning, college goals and institutional data by participating in discussions regarding research.
- Act as a district liaison to other colleges and state and federal agencies involved in issues of educational research and planning.


## DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIES

Under the director of institutional research and planning, the research office provides the following services:

- Conducts statistical and empirical research
- Offers technical support and research assistance
- Provides timely, accurate and reliable reports on institutional effectiveness
- Instructional, grant-based, and student service program assessment
- Student success and satisfaction (student outcomes), and demographic data (statistical profiles).


## RESEARCH OFFICE TACTICS

The primary services of the institutional research office include:
Ad Hoc Requests. Institutional data are gathered, analyzed and reported on an ad hoc basis to provide information for college decision makers. Analyzing responses to the Student Satisfaction Survey is an example.
Information Dissemination. Accurate information about Antelope Valley College is disseminated to individuals and groups both inside and outside the college as needed. The information contained in the Fact Book is an example.

Institutional Reports. Routine reports depicting student, personnel, fiscal, facility and community information is produced on a regular basis. Reporting information to support Partnership for Excellence is an example.
Mandated Reports. Research activities and reports are completed to satisfy federal, state and local mandates. Validations of English and math placement tests and/or validation of biology prerequisites for vocational nursing are examples.

Special Projects. Large research projects are conducted as determined by the college management and as resources allow. Conducting an environmental scan to support a new vocational program is an example.
Technical Assistance. AVC managers, faculty and classified staff are given assistance in data access, collection and analysis; research design and methodology; and custom-reporting options as time allows. Assisting a faculty member in developing a survey for a program review is one example. Training staff on data access software (SDA Views) is another example.


## SECTION ONE | ANTELOPE VALLEY COLLEGE SERVICE AREA

The Antelope Valley Community College District in relation to Southern California


The campus at Antelope Valley College is located north of the mountains that separate Antelope Valley from the Los Angeles basin. Mature trees and lush lawns on the 135 -acre campus provide an inviting place for students to relax. The entire campus consists of 35 permanent buildings, eight temporary buildings, three athletic fields, eight tennis courts and six parking lots. Academic disciplines generally are grouped on campus by subject area. The district also includes a second site located in Palmdale at 1529 E. Palmdale Blvd. The Palmdale site consists of six classrooms on the third floor of the building, with an additional three rooms to be added in 2007.


The college service area is operationally defined as all ZIP codes with greater than $1.33 \%$ of the fall enrollment. The dark shaded areas on the map above represent the college's highest enrollment service area, which comprises $91.8 \%$ of the total fall 2006 credit enrollment. The light shaded areas are the extended service area with $5.4 \%$ of the total enrollment. The extended service area accounts for another $2.0 \%$ of the total fall enrollment. Less than $1 \%$ of student residential ZIP codes are unknown.

Table 1-1
Fall 2006 Student Enrollment I Adult \& Residential Population by ZIP Code

Population data comes from Census Bureau 2000 data Summary Files (SF-1).
The adult population consists of persons 18 years and older. Any PO Box ZIP codes are assumed to be the city of residence for the students. Unavailable census data was left blank.

The following are included within larger populations:

Lake Hughes includes Elizabeth Lake (EL), Lancaster includes Quartz Hill (QH), Littlerock includes Juniper Hills (JH), Palmdale includes Leona Valley (LV), and Santa Clarita includes Agua Dulce (AD) and Canyon Country (CC).

| Community | ZIP | $2000$ <br> Total Pop. |  | $2006$ <br> Fall Students | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percentage } \\ \text { of Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | 7,813 | 5,557 | 124 | 0.97\% |
| Boron | 93516 | 2,231 | 1,616 | 23 | 0.18\% |
| California City | 93505 | 8,311 | 5,751 | 134 | 1.04\% |
| California City | PO Box |  |  | 6 | 0.05\% |
| California City Total |  | 8,311 | 5,751 | 140 | 1.09\% |
| Edwards | 93523 | 7,679 | 4,926 | 50 | 0.39\% |
| Edwards AFB | 93524 |  |  | 6 | 0.05\% |
| Edwards Total |  | 7,679 | 4,926 | 56 | 0.44\% |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | 2,760 | 1,850 | 104 | 0.81\% |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | 6,775 | 4,168 | 165 | 1.29\% |
| Lancaster | 93534 | 35,104 | 24,121 | 1,369 | 10.67\% |
| Lancaster | 93535 | 57,791 | 37,100 | 2,095 | 16.32\% |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | 49,303 | 35,336 | 2,449 | 19.08\% |
| Lancaster | PO Box |  |  | 135 | 1.05\% |
| Lancaster Total |  | 142,198 | 96,557 | 6,048 | 47.12\% |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | 11,184 | 7,399 | 307 | 2.39\% |
| Llano | 93544 | 1,201 | 971 | 14 | 0.11\% |
| Mojave | 93501 | 4,873 | 3,390 | 93 | 0.72\% |
| Mojave | PO Box |  |  | 8 | 0.06\% |
| Mojave Total |  | 4,873 | 3,390 | 101 | 0.79\% |
| Palmdale | 93550 | 67,213 | 41,195 | 1,844 | 14.37\% |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93551 | 34,036 | 22,472 | 1,845 | 14.38\% |
| Palmdale | 93552 | 25,359 | 15,517 | 872 | 6.79\% |
| Palmdale | PO Box |  |  | 47 | 0.37\% |
| Palmdale Total |  | 126,608 | 79,184 | 4,608 | 35.90\% |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | 1,600 | 1,192 | 53 | 0.41\% |
| Rosamond | 93560 | 14,926 | 10,070 | 517 | 4.03\% |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | 40,069 | 27,144 | 7 | 0.05\% |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | 59,257 | 40,636 | 12 | 0.09\% |
| Santa Clarita (CC) | 91387 |  |  | 14 | 0.11\% |
| Santa Clarita (AD) | 91390 |  |  | 36 | 0.28\% |
| Santa Clarita | PO Box |  |  | 1 | 0.01\% |
| Santa Clarita Total |  | 99,326 | 67,780 | 70 | 0.55\% |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | 25,793 | 19,315 | 125 | 0.97\% |
| Tehachapi | PO Box |  |  | 9 | 0.07\% |
| Tehachapi Total |  | 25,793 | 19,315 | 134 | 1.04\% |
| Valencia | 91354 | 17,841 | 11,686 | 10 | 0.08\% |
| Valencia | 91355 | 24,970 | 18,543 | 7 | 0.05\% |
| Valencia Total |  | 42,811 | 30,229 | 17 | 0.13\% |
| Others |  |  |  | 257 | 2.00\% |
| Unknown |  |  |  | 96 | 0.75\% |
| TOTAL FALL 2006 ENROLLMENT |  |  |  | 12,834 |  |

Figure 1-1
Student Participation Rates I Fall 2006


Table 1-2
Student Participation Rates I Fall 2006

| City | Students | Percentage | 2000 <br> Adult Pop | PPR |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Lancaster | 6,048 | $47.12 \%$ | 96,557 | 62.6 |
| Palmdale | 4,608 | $35.90 \%$ | 79,184 | 58.2 |
| Lake Hughes | 104 | $0.81 \%$ | 1,850 | 56.2 |
| Rosamond | 517 | $4.03 \%$ | 10,070 | 51.3 |
| Pearblossom | 53 | $0.41 \%$ | 1,192 | 44.5 |
| Littlerock | 307 | $2.39 \%$ | 7,399 | 41.5 |
| Lake Los Angeles | 165 | $1.29 \%$ | 4,168 | 39.6 |
| Mojave | 101 | $0.79 \%$ | 3,390 | 29.8 |
| California City | 140 | $1.09 \%$ | 5,751 | 24.3 |
| Acton | 124 | $0.97 \%$ | 5,557 | 22.3 |
| Llano | 14 | $0.11 \%$ | 971 | 14.4 |
| Boron | 23 | $0.18 \%$ | 1,616 | 14.2 |
| Edwards | 56 | $0.44 \%$ | 4,926 | 11.4 |
| Tehachapi | 134 | $1.04 \%$ | 19,315 | 6.9 |
| Santa Clarita | 70 | $0.55 \%$ | 67,780 | 1.0 |
| Valencia | 17 | $0.13 \%$ | 30,229 | 0.6 |
| Unknown | 257 | $2.00 \%$ | N/A | N/A |
| Others | 96 | $0.75 \%$ | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 12,834 | $100.00 \%$ | 339,955 | 37.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The Student
Participation Rate
(SPR) is the number of AVC students per 1,000 adults within the area. In the above bar chart, cities are shown in order of general distance and direction from the main campus. As proximity to the college increases, so does student participation.

Table 1-3
Education Level of Adult Population by ZIP Code

| Community | Zip | <9th <br> Grade | 9th-12th Grade | High School Graduate | Some College | Associate Degree | Bachelor's Degree | Graduate Degree | Total Pop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | 162 | 689 | 1,607 | 1,796 | 435 | 584 | 371 | 5,644 |
| Boron | 93516 | 102 | 332 | 598 | 484 | 107 | 87 | 57 | 1,767 |
| California City | 93505 | 297 | 708 | 1,596 | 1,968 | 508 | 391 | 254 | 5,722 |
| Edwards | 93523 | 57 | 319 | 1,148 | 2,085 | 483 | 451 | 397 | 4,940 |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | 43 | 229 | 459 | 614 | 160 | 212 | 94 | 1,811 |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | 418 | 843 | 1,225 | 1,097 | 233 | 230 | 150 | 4,196 |
| Lancaster | 93535 | 2,922 | 6,759 | 10,454 | 10,564 | 2,610 | 2,842 | 1,114 | 37,265 |
| Lancaster | 93534 | 1,627 | 4,435 | 5,938 | 7,203 | 1,846 | 1,983 | 1,081 | 24,113 |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | 1,282 | 5,581 | 9,269 | 10,181 | 2,805 | 3,928 | 2,315 | 35,361 |
| Lancaster Total |  | 5,831 | 16,775 | 25,661 | 27,948 | 7,261 | 8,753 | 4,510 | 96,739 |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | 947 | 1,397 | 1,927 | 2,108 | 518 | 307 | 118 | 7,322 |
| Llano | 93544 | 128 | 126 | 283 | 254 | 54 | 101 | 58 | 1,004 |
| Mojave | 93501 | 334 | 685 | 1,193 | 876 | 174 | 143 | 99 | 3,504 |
| Palmdale | 93552 | 1,478 | 2,806 | 4,226 | 4,732 | 1,017 | 941 | 379 | 15,579 |
| Palmdale | 93550 | 5,213 | 9,181 | 11,124 | 10,418 | 2,018 | 2,599 | 816 | 41,369 |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93551 | 493 | 2,128 | 5,303 | 7,528 | 2,197 | 3,370 | 1,599 | 22,618 |
| Palmdale Total |  | 7,184 | 14,115 | 20,653 | 22,678 | 5,232 | 6,910 | 2,794 | 79,566 |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | 73 | 186 | 256 | 366 | 88 | 128 | 87 | 1,184 |
| Rosamond | 93560 | 700 | 1,831 | 2,842 | 2,961 | 687 | 576 | 389 | 9,986 |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | 1,719 | 3,957 | 9,551 | 12,869 | 3,814 | 6,303 | 2,379 | 40,592 |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | 572 | 2,251 | 5,646 | 9,198 | 2,516 | 4,914 | 1,859 | 26,956 |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | 1,035 | 2,982 | 5,906 | 5,300 | 1,462 | 1,763 | 839 | 19,287 |
| Valencia | 91355 | 371 | 979 | 3,219 | 5,464 | 1,667 | 4,694 | 2,234 | 18,628 |
| Valencia | 91354 | 109 | 496 | 1,722 | 3,132 | 1,379 | 3,459 | 1,504 | 11,801 |
| Total |  | 33,097 | 79,790 | 131,806 | 151,824 | 39,271 | 55,669 | 25,497 | 516,954 |

Nearly $55 \%$ of adults over age 18 in each community could benefit from community college. As seen in the tables above and right, one-third of the total college service area has some college education but less than an associate degree. Another fourth have only completed high school. The greatest difference in the communities lies in the percent of adults with less than a high school education.

Table 1-3
Education Level of Adult Population by ZIP Code
BY PERCENTAGE

| Community | Zip | <9th Grade | 9th-12th Grade | High School Graduate | Some College | Associate Degree | Bachelor's Degree | Graduate Degree | Total Pop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | 2.9\% | 12.2\% | 28.5\% | 31.8\% | 7.7\% | 10.3\% | 6.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Boron | 93516 | 5.8\% | 18.8\% | 33.8\% | 27.4\% | 6.1\% | 4.9\% | 3.2\% | 100.0\% |
| California City | 93505 | 5.2\% | 12.4\% | 27.9\% | 34.4\% | 8.9\% | 6.8\% | 4.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Edwards | 93523 | 1.2\% | 6.5\% | 23.2\% | 42.2\% | 9.8\% | 9.1\% | 8.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | 2.4\% | 12.6\% | 25.3\% | 33.9\% | 8.8\% | 11.7\% | 5.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | 10.0\% | 20.1\% | 29.2\% | 26.1\% | 5.6\% | 5.5\% | 3.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Lancaster | 93535 | 7.8\% | 18.1\% | 28.1\% | 28.3\% | 7.0\% | 7.6\% | 3.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Lancaster | 93534 | 6.7\% | 18.4\% | 24.6\% | 29.9\% | 7.7\% | 8.2\% | 4.5\% | 100.0\% |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | 3.6\% | 15.8\% | 26.2\% | 28.8\% | 7.9\% | 11.1\% | 6.5\% | 100.0\% |
| Lancaster Total |  | 6.0\% | 17.3\% | 26.5\% | 28.9\% | 7.5\% | 9.0\% | 4.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | 12.9\% | 19.1\% | 26.3\% | 28.8\% | 7.1\% | 4.2\% | 1.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Llano | 93544 | 12.7\% | 12.5\% | 28.2\% | 25.3\% | 5.4\% | 10.1\% | 5.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Mojave | 93501 | 9.5\% | 19.5\% | 34.0\% | 25.0\% | 5.0\% | 4.1\% | 2.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Palmdale | 93552 | 9.5\% | 18.0\% | 27.1\% | 30.4\% | 6.5\% | 6.0\% | 2.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Palmdale | 93550 | 12.6\% | 22.2\% | 26.9\% | 25.2\% | 4.9\% | 6.3\% | 2.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93551 | 2.2\% | 9.4\% | 23.4\% | 33.3\% | 9.7\% | 14.9\% | 7.1\% | 100.0\% |
| Palmdale Total |  | 9.0\% | 17.7\% | 26.0\% | 28.5\% | 6.6\% | 8.7\% | 3.5\% | 100.0\% |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | 6.2\% | 15.7\% | 21.6\% | 30.9\% | 7.4\% | 10.8\% | 7.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Rosamond | 93560 | 7.0\% | 18.3\% | 28.5\% | 29.7\% | 6.9\% | 5.8\% | 3.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | 4.2\% | 9.7\% | 23.5\% | 31.7\% | 9.4\% | 15.5\% | 5.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | 2.1\% | 8.4\% | 20.9\% | 34.1\% | 9.3\% | 18.2\% | 6.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | 5.4\% | 15.5\% | 30.6\% | 27.5\% | 7.6\% | 9.1\% | 4.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Valencia | 91355 | 2.0\% | 5.3\% | 17.3\% | 29.3\% | 8.9\% | 25.2\% | 12.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Valencia | 91354 | 0.9\% | 4.2\% | 14.6\% | 26.5\% | 11.7\% | 29.3\% | 12.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Total |  | 6.4\% | 15.4\% | 25.5\% | 29.4\% | 7.6\% | 10.8\% | 4.9\% | 100.0\% |

Communities where more than $25 \%$ adults have less than a high school education are: Boron, Lake Los Angeles, Lancaster (excluding Quartz Hill), Littlerock, Llano, Mojave, Palmdale (excluding Leona Valley) and Rosamond. Communities with a higher percent of residents with graduate degrees are Acton, Edwards, Lake Hughes, Quartz Hill, Leona Valley, Pearblossom, Santa Clarita and Valencia.

Table 1-4 I Age Level of Population by ZIP Code

| Community | Zip | Under 18 | 18 to 24 | 25 to 34 | Over 35 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | 2,256 | 501 | 634 | 4,422 | 7,813 |
| Boron | 93516 | 615 | 143 | 212 | 1,261 | 2,231 |
| California City | 93505 | 2,560 | 605 | 860 | 4,286 | 8,311 |
| Edwards | 93523 | 2,753 | 1,335 | 1,770 | 1,821 | 7,679 |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | 910 | 165 | 285 | 1,400 | 2,760 |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | 2,607 | 539 | 621 | 3,008 | 6,775 |
| Lancaster | 93535 | 20,691 | 5,115 | 7,319 | 24,666 | 57,791 |
| Lancaster | 93534 | 10,983 | 3,767 | 4,801 | 15,553 | 35,104 |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | 13,967 | 4,259 | 6,422 | 24,655 | 49,303 |
| Lancaster Total |  | 45,641 | 13,141 | 18,542 | 64,874 | 142,198 |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | 3,785 | 863 | 1,093 | 5443 | 11,184 |
| Llano | 93544 | 230 | 80 | 62 | 829 | 1,201 |
| Mojave | 93501 | 1,483 | 402 | 537 | 2,451 | 4,873 |
| Palmdale | 93550 | 26,018 | 6,615 | 9,394 | 25,186 | 67,213 |
| Palmdale | 93552 | 9,842 | 1,873 | 3,371 | 10,273 | 25,359 |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93551 | 11,564 | 2,171 | 3,011 | 17,290 | 34,036 |
| Palmdale Total |  | 47,424 | 10,659 | 15,776 | 52,749 | 126,608 |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | 408 | 107 | 137 | 948 | 1,600 |
| Rosamond | 93560 | 4,856 | 1,163 | 1,874 | 7033 | 14,926 |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | 18,621 | 5,093 | 9,529 | 26,014 | 59,257 |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | 12,925 | 2,678 | 4,569 | 19,897 | 40,069 |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | 6,478 | 2,277 | 3,639 | 13,399 | 25,793 |
| Valencia | 91355 | 6,427 | 1,628 | 3,121 | 13,794 | 24,970 |
| Valencia | 91354 | 6,155 | 857 | 2,678 | 8,151 | 17,841 |
| Total |  | 259,199 | 66,036 | 100,257 | 349,403 | 774,895 |

The data for both tables come from U.S. Census 2000. The age level data come from SF-1 files based on age and gender.
The ethnic-
ity data come from SF-3
files.

Table 1-5 I Ethnic Distribution of Population by ZIP Code

| Community | Zip | White NonHispanic | Hispanic | AfricanAmerica | Asian | Amer Indian/ AK Native | Pacific <br> Islander | Other | Total Pop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | 6,515 | 1,048 | 61 | 162 | 106 | 14 | 171 | 8,077 |
| Boron | 93516 | 1,923 | 239 | 19 | 90 | 6 | 0 | 31 | 2,308 |
| California City | 93505 | 5,054 | 1,266 | 1,157 | 273 | 93 | 9 | 352 | 8,204 |
| Edwards | 93523 | 5,296 | 898 | 643 | 324 | 51 | 5 | 454 | 7,671 |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | 2,088 | 451 | 109 | 42 | 7 | 0 | 64 | 2,761 |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | 3,233 | 2,035 | 757 | 140 | 40 | 0 | 556 | 6,761 |
| Lancaster | 93535 | 28,629 | 16,663 | 9,093 | 1,395 | 367 | 85 | 1,696 | 57,928 |
| Lancaster | 93534 | 18,873 | 8,376 | 5,224 | 1,152 | 189 | 85 | 1,116 | 35,015 |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | 30,665 | 9,015 | 5,242 | 2,200 | 355 | 40 | 1,862 | 49,379 |
| Lancaster Total |  | 78,167 | 34,054 | 19,559 | 4,747 | 911 | 210 | 4,674 | 142,322 |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | 5,608 | 4,169 | 1,099 | 77 | 33 | 4 | 181 | 11,171 |
| Llano | 93544 | 837 | 240 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 1,180 |
| Mojave | 93501 | 3,152 | 1,307 | 219 | 82 | 33 | 0 | 309 | 5,102 |
| Palmdale | 93552 | 8,266 | 10,957 | 4,246 | 1,003 | 43 | 77 | 782 | 25,374 |
| Palmdale | 93550 | 24,461 | 29,272 | 9,369 | 1,658 | 384 | 165 | 2,075 | 67,384 |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93551 | 20,944 | 6,356 | 2,761 | 1,871 | 148 | 105 | 1,636 | 33,821 |
| Palmdale Total |  | 53,671 | 46,585 | 16,376 | 4,532 | 575 | 347 | 4,493 | 126,579 |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | 1,271 | 157 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 114 | 1,542 |
| Rosamond | 93560 | 9,094 | 3,780 | 792 | 423 | 231 | 0 | 527 | 14,847 |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | 38,908 | 13,361 | 2,112 | 2,993 | 109 | 112 | 1,935 | 59,530 |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | 30,047 | 5,828 | 729 | 1,731 | 190 | 71 | 1,185 | 39,781 |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | 17,310 | 5,364 | 1,792 | 151 | 288 | 0 | 702 | 25,607 |
| Valencia | 91355 | 19,906 | 2,673 | 347 | 1,372 | 48 | 89 | 709 | 25,144 |
| Valencia | 91354 | 13,606 | 1,851 | 237 | 1,650 | 22 | 18 | 448 | 17,832 |
| Total |  | 427,524 | 205,945 | 82,023 | 28,068 | 4,229 | 1,436 | 26,095 | 775,320 |

## HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Table 1-6 I Household Income in 1999 by ZIP Code

| Community | Zip | Less than $\$ 20,000$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20,000 \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50,000 \text { to } \\ \$ 99,999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100,000 \\ & \text { or more } \end{aligned}$ | Total Pop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | 224 | 627 | 953 | 719 | 2,523 |
| Boron | 93516 | 346 | 289 | 284 | 45 | 964 |
| California City | 93505 | 738 | 871 | 1,137 | 293 | 3,039 |
| Edwards | 93523 | 316 | 1,240 | 631 | 85 | 2,272 |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | 135 | 307 | 374 | 132 | 948 |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | 393 | 794 | 597 | 119 | 1,903 |
| Lancaster | 93535 | 4,299 | 7,140 | 5,372 | 1,359 | 18,170 |
| Lancaster | 93534 | 4,247 | 4,825 | 3,094 | 781 | 12,947 |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | 2,721 | 4,333 | 5,624 | 2,550 | 15,228 |
| Lancaster Total |  | 1,1267 | 16,298 | 14,090 | 4,690 | 46345 |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | 755 | 1,046 | 1,189 | 286 | 3,276 |
| Llano | 93544 | 119 | 174 | 148 | 47 | 488 |
| Mojave | 93501 | 665 | 703 | 417 | 69 | 1,854 |
| Palmdale | 93552 | 892 | 2,599 | 2,888 | 629 | 7,008 |
| Palmdale | 93550 | 5,384 | 7,338 | 5,895 | 1,335 | 19,952 |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93551 | 963 | 2,458 | 4,730 | 2,543 | 10,694 |
| Palmdale Total |  | 7,239 | 12,395 | 13,513 | 4,507 | 37,654 |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | 237 | 156 | 178 | 66 | 637 |
| Rosamond | 93560 | 1,124 | 1,843 | 1,917 | 294 | 5,178 |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | 1,771 | 5,711 | 8,216 | 4,030 | 19,728 |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | 1,092 | 2,493 | 5,444 | 3,733 | 12,762 |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | 1,784 | 2,331 | 2,803 | 923 | 7,841 |
| Valencia | 91355 | 906 | 1,976 | 3,486 | 3,221 | 9,589 |
| Valencia | 91354 | 297 | 736 | 2,557 | 2,175 | 5,765 |
| Total |  | 47,914 | 78,683 | 85,537 | 34,631 | 246,765 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Community | Zip | Less than <br> $\$ 20,000$ | $\$ 20,000$ to <br> $\$ 49,999$ | $\$ 50,000$ to <br> $\$ 99,999$ | $\$ 100,000$ <br> or more | Total Pop. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acton | 93510 | $8.9 \%$ | $24.9 \%$ | $37.8 \%$ | $28.5 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Boron | 93516 | $35.9 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ | $29.5 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| California City | 93505 | $24.3 \%$ | $28.7 \%$ | $37.4 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Edwards | 93523 | $13.9 \%$ | $54.6 \%$ | $27.8 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Lake Hughes, EL | 93532 | $14.2 \%$ | $32.4 \%$ | $39.5 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | $20.7 \%$ | $41.7 \%$ | $31.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Lancaster | 93535 | $23.7 \%$ | $39.3 \%$ | $29.6 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Lancaster | 93534 | $32.8 \%$ | $37.3 \%$ | $23.9 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Lancaster (QH) | 93536 | $17.9 \%$ | $28.5 \%$ | $36.9 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Lancaster Total |  | $24.3 \%$ | $35.2 \%$ | $30.4 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Littlerock, JH | 93543 | $23.0 \%$ | $31.9 \%$ | $36.3 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Llano $\quad$ Palmdale | 93552 | $12.7 \%$ | $37.1 \%$ | $41.2 \%$ | $9.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Mojave | 93544 | $24.4 \%$ | $35.7 \%$ | $30.3 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Palmdale (LV) | 93550 | $27.0 \%$ | $36.8 \%$ | $29.5 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Palmdale Total |  | $9.0 \%$ | $23.0 \%$ | $44.2 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | $37.2 \%$ | $24.5 \%$ | $27.9 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Rosamond | 93560 | $21.7 \%$ | $35.6 \%$ | $37.0 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | $9.0 \%$ | $28.9 \%$ | $41.6 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | $8.6 \%$ | $19.5 \%$ | $42.7 \%$ | $29.3 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | $22.8 \%$ | $29.7 \%$ | $35.7 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Valencia | 91355 | $9.4 \%$ | $20.6 \%$ | $36.4 \%$ | $33.6 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Valencia | 91354 | $5.2 \%$ | $12.8 \%$ | $44.4 \%$ | $37.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Total |  | $19.4 \%$ | $31.9 \%$ | $34.7 \%$ | $14.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

U.S. Census 2000, Summary Files-3

Table 1-7 I Median Household Income in 1999 by ZIP Code

| Community | Zip | Median Household Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valencia | 91354 | \$84,858 |
| Valencia | 91355 | \$76,024 |
| Santa Clarita | 91350 | \$74,616 |
| Palmdale (Leona Valley) | 93551 | \$68,057 |
| Acton | 93510 | \$65,737 |
| Santa Clarita | 91351 | \$61,349 |
| Lancaster (Quartz Hill) | 93536 | \$54,223 |
| Lake Hughes, Elizabeth Lake | 93532 | \$52,222 |
| Palmdale | 93552 | \$50,179 |
| Tehachapi | 93561 | \$47,031 |
| California City | 93505 | \$45,868 |
| Llano | 93544 | \$44,318 |
| Littlerock, Juniper Hills | 93543 | \$43,864 |
| Rosamond | 93560 | \$42,029 |
| Boron | 93516 | \$40,800 |
| Lancaster | 93535 | \$39,747 |
| Lake Los Angeles | 93591 | \$38,482 |
| Palmdale | 93550 | \$37,484 |
| Edwards | 93523 | \$37,032 |
| Lancaster | 93534 | \$31,217 |
| Pearblossom | 93553 | \$30,417 |
| Mojave | 93501 | \$29,121 |

The adjacent table shows the median household income by community ranked in descending order. The median income for the communities of Boron, Edwards, Lancaster, Lake Los Angeles and Pearblossom is lower than the median income for the entire service area.

NOTE: According to the U.S. Department of Health \& Human Services, a family of four with a household income under $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ is living in poverty.

Boron, Lancaster (93534), Mojave and Pearblossom have a third or more of households living at the poverty level.
Overall the college service area has one-third of the households living at the income level between $\$ 20,000$ and $\$ 50,000$ and a little more than a third at the income level between $\$ 50,000$ and $\$ 100,000$ in 1999 . The remaining third is split between households with less than $\$ 20,000$ (19.4\%) and households over $\$ 100,000$ (14\%).


## SECTION TWO | STUDENT ENROLLMENT TRENDS

Figure 2-1
Student Enrollment 2000-2006


Figure 2-2
Fall Student Enrollment Fall 2001-Fall 2006


In Figure 2-1 left, the student enrollment for the fall and spring terms follow closely together. The fall, spring and winter terms show a steady enrollment after 2003 while the winter enrollment increases.

In Figure 2-2 left, the annual rate of change is shown for each fall semester. There was a large increase in student enrollment following fall 2001. After a small drop, the enrollment had little change after fall 2002. Currently there is a $6.2 \%$ increase in enrollment from last year

Figure 2-3 | Student Enrollment by Gender | Fall 2006


Table 2-1 | Total Credit Students by Gender I Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Gender | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Female | 6,995 | 7,963 | 7,515 | 7,415 | 7,374 | 7,868 |
| Male | 3,898 | 4,618 | 4,482 | 4,553 | 4,597 | 4,852 |
| Unknown | 49 | 87 | 75 | 76 | 118 | 114 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Gender | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Female | $63.9 \%$ | $62.9 \%$ | $62.3 \%$ | $61.6 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ | $61.3 \%$ |
| Male | $35.6 \%$ | $36.5 \%$ | $37.1 \%$ | $37.8 \%$ | $38.0 \%$ | $37.8 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0.4 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Female students outnumber male students at AVC, although this difference has been decreasing slightly over the semesters. This trend is typical in higher education, both statewide and nationally, but to a greater degree in community colleges than in four-year institutions.

## AGE

Figure 2-4 | Percentage of Credit Students by Age Group | Fall 2006


Table 2-2 | Credit Students by Age Group I Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Age Group | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Under 20 | 3,051 | 3,739 | 3,608 | 3,634 | 3,834 | 4,275 |
| $20-24$ | 2,640 | 2,990 | 3,273 | 3,509 | 3,449 | 3,578 |
| $25-29$ | 1,043 | 1,248 | 1,260 | 1,211 | 1,278 | 1,325 |
| $30-34$ | 781 | 955 | 866 | 840 | 775 | 837 |
| $35-39$ | 950 | 989 | 783 | 737 | 635 | 698 |
| $40-49$ | 1,753 | 1,871 | 1,576 | 1,435 | 1,397 | 1,348 |
| $50+$ | 707 | 860 | 704 | 676 | 717 | 771 |
| Unknown | 17 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Age Group | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 20 | $27.9 \%$ | $29.5 \%$ | $29.9 \%$ | $30.2 \%$ | $31.7 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ |
| $20-24$ | $24.1 \%$ | $23.6 \%$ | $27.1 \%$ | $29.1 \%$ | $28.5 \%$ | $27.9 \%$ |
| $25-29$ | $9.5 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| $30-34$ | $7.1 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| $35-39$ | $8.7 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |
| $40-49$ | $16.0 \%$ | $14.8 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.9 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ |
| $50+$ | $6.5 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## AGE

Figure 2-5
Percentage of Credit Students by Age Group
Fall 2001-Fall 2006


The state Chancellor's Office calculates all students' ages at the beginning of each term for use in data analysis. The adjacent charts and tables show the distribution of credit students by age groups for six consecutive fall terms. The under 20 and the 20-24 age group make up most of the student body, currently accounting for over $60 \%$. The only notable shift in the past five years is a slight increase in the under 20 and 20-24 age group after 2002, offset by a similar decrease in the other age groups. This shift to the youngest group has accelerated in fall 2006.

In fall 2006 the average age of full-time students was 23 and the average age of part-time students was 29 .

Figure 2-6 | Percentage of Credit Students by Ethnicity I Fall 2006


Hispanic

Table 2-3 | Total Credit Students by Ethnicity I Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Ethnicity | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | 5,544 | 6,248 | 5,590 | 5,326 | 5,102 | 5,006 |
| Hispanic | 2,455 | 2,916 | 2,977 | 3,136 | 3,275 | 3,690 |
| African-American | 1,685 | 2,068 | 2,060 | 2,174 | 2,110 | 2,387 |
| Asian | 320 | 340 | 330 | 315 | 314 | 367 |
| Filipino | 249 | 295 | 290 | 276 | 299 | 313 |
| Other Non-White | 176 | 208 | 217 | 195 | 206 | 218 |
| American Indian/ <br> Alaskan Native | 135 | 161 | 131 | 131 | 128 | 133 |
| Pacific Islander | 47 | 54 | 51 | 56 | 56 | 50 |
| Unknown | 331 | 378 | 426 | 435 | 599 | 670 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Ethnicity | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | $50.7 \%$ | $49.3 \%$ | $46.3 \%$ | $44.2 \%$ | $42.2 \%$ | $39.0 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $22.4 \%$ | $23.0 \%$ | $24.7 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ | $27.1 \%$ | $28.8 \%$ |
| African-American | $15.4 \%$ | $16.3 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $18.1 \%$ | $17.5 \%$ | $18.6 \%$ |
| Asian | $2.9 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ |
| Filipino | $2.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |
| Other Non-White | $1.6 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| American Indian/ <br> Alaskan Native | $1.2 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| Pacific Islander | $0.4 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ |
| Unknown | $3.0 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## ETHNICITY

Figure 2-7
Percentage of Credit Students by Ethnicity
Fall 2001-Fall 2006


Figure 2-7 indicates that a majority of the students in the fall 2006 class are white and Hispanic with African-Americans making up the third largest ethnicity group. In the last five years, there has been a steady decrease in white credit students and a steady increase in Hispanic credit students. African-American enrollment has shown a small percentage increase in credit students in the last five years.

Figure 2-8
Percentage of Credit Students by Full-Time Status Fall 2001-Fall 2006


Table 2-4 | Total Credit Students by Full-Time Status I Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| PT/FT | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part-Time | 7,961 | 9,347 | 8,698 | 8,533 | 8,536 | 8,797 |
| Full-Time | 2,981 | 3,321 | 3,374 | 3,511 | 3,553 | 4,037 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| PT/FT | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part-Time | $72.8 \%$ | $73.8 \%$ | $72.1 \%$ | $70.8 \%$ | $70.6 \%$ | $68.5 \%$ |
| Full-Time | $27.2 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $27.9 \%$ | $29.2 \%$ | $29.4 \%$ | $31.5 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Figure 2-9
Percentage of Credit Students by Day/Evening Status
Fall 2001-Fall 2006


Table 2-5
Percentage of Credit Students by Day/Evening Status
Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Status | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Day | 7,575 | 8,726 | 8,687 | 8,762 | 8,895 | 10,335 |
| Evening | 3,335 | 3,862 | 3,318 | 3,192 | 3,094 | 2,499 |
| Unknown | 32 | 80 | 67 | 90 | 100 | 0 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |
| BY PERCENTAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Status | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| Day | $69.2 \%$ | $68.9 \%$ | $72.0 \%$ | $72.7 \%$ | $73.6 \%$ | $80.5 \%$ |
| Evening | $30.5 \%$ | $30.5 \%$ | $27.5 \%$ | $26.5 \%$ | $25.6 \%$ | $19.5 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0.3 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

The above table and graph show that the proportion of fall credit students taking at least one class during the day has increased over the past five years. Note: Daytime status includes all students taking one or more classes before 5 p.m. Evening students take only classes offered on evenings and/or weekends. Students enrolled only in nontraditional classes, such as online instruction and independent study, are counted as evening.


## SECTION THREE \| NEW AVC STUDENTS

Figure 3-1
Percentage of Credit Students by Educational Background Fall 2006


Table 3-1
Credit Students by Educational Background
Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Educational Background | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| High School Grad or Equivalent | 7,904 | 8,911 | 8,219 | 8,250 | 8,795 | 9,688 |
| Not High School Grad | 675 | 770 | 592 | 539 | 515 | 634 |
| Co-Enrolled in High School | 557 | 697 | 343 | 340 | 428 | 479 |
| Associate Degree | 561 | 605 | 464 | 456 | 472 | 501 |
| Bachelor Degree or Higher | 491 | 536 | 407 | 407 | 478 | 495 |
| In Adult School | 138 | 196 | 206 | 168 | 147 | 112 |
| Unknown/Other | 616 | 953 | 1841 | 1,884 | 1,254 | 925 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Educational Background | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| High School Grad or Equivalent | $72.2 \%$ | $70.3 \%$ | $68.1 \%$ | $68.5 \%$ | $72.8 \%$ | $75.5 \%$ |
| Not High School Grad | $6.2 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ |
| Co-Enrolled in High School | $5.1 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ |
| Associate Degree | $5.1 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| Bachelor Degree or Higher | $4.5 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| In Adult School | $1.3 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Unknown/Other | $5.6 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $15.6 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

On average, over the past five years, approximately $5.1 \%$ of fall credit students have no diploma or high school equivalency, therefore these students could be considered "underprepared." The percentage of these students has decreased over the past five years and the percentage of HS grads or equivalent has increased over the past four years.

Figure 3-2 | Percentage of Credit Students by Academic Level | Fall 2001-Fall 2005


Table 3-2 । Credit Students by Academic Level
Fall 2001-Fall 2005

| Academic Level | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Freshmen | 6,252 | 7,180 | 6,177 | 6,128 | 6,612 |
| Sophomore | 1,609 | 1,763 | 1,875 | 1,838 | 1,838 |
| Other Undergraduate | 856 | 934 | 965 | 991 | 1,007 |
| Bachelor Degree or Higher | 491 | 536 | 407 | 407 | 478 |
| Associate Degree | 561 | 605 | 464 | 456 | 472 |
| Co-Enrolled in High School | 557 | 697 | 343 | 340 | 428 |
| Unknown/Other | 616 | 953 | 1,841 | 1,884 | 1,254 |
| Total | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Academic Level | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshmen | $57.1 \%$ | $56.7 \%$ | $51.2 \%$ | $50.9 \%$ | $54.7 \%$ |
| Sophomore | $14.7 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ | $15.5 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $15.2 \%$ |
| Other Undergraduate | $7.8 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Bachelor Degree or Higher | $4.5 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ |
| Associate Degree | $5.1 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| Co-Enrolled in High School | $5.1 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ |
| Unknown/Other | $5.6 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $15.6 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ |

Figure 3-2 indicates a large difference between the number of freshman and sophomores over the last five years. Note: Students with more than 60 units and no degree are considered Other Undergrads.

Figure 3-3 | Percentage of Credit Students by Enrollment Status | Fall 2001-Fall 2006


Table 3-3 I Number of Credit Students by Enrollment Status Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Enrollment Status | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First-Time AVC Student | 2,429 | 2,897 | 2,562 | 2,560 | 2,860 | 3,270 |
| Continuing Student | 5,717 | 6,347 | 6,409 | 6,554 | 6,200 | 6,100 |
| Returning Student | 2,861 | 3,434 | 3,124 | 3,040 | 3,042 | 3,318 |
| Total | 11,007 | 12,678 | 12,095 | 12,154 | 12,102 | 12,688 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Enrollment Status | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First-Time AVC Student | $22.1 \%$ | $22.9 \%$ | $21.2 \%$ | $21.1 \%$ | $23.6 \%$ | $25.8 \%$ |
| Continuing Student | $51.9 \%$ | $50.1 \%$ | $53.0 \%$ | $53.9 \%$ | $51.2 \%$ | $48.1 \%$ |
| Returning Student | $26.0 \%$ | $27.1 \%$ | $25.8 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

The number of First-Time AVC Students has increased over the past three years. However, the number of Continuing Students has decreased during that same time. The number of Returning Students has not shown a trend over this time period.

Figure 3-4 | Continuing Students | Fall 2001-Fall 2006


Figure 3-5 | First-Time AVC Students | Fall 2001-Fall 2006


## STATUS DEFINITIONS:

- First-Time AVC Students are enrolled at AVC for the first time in a spring or fall term.
- Returning Students attended AVC at some point in the past and have returned to AVC.
- Continuing Students attended AVC in the previous spring.

Note: Data pulled from Banner.

Table 3-4 | First-Time Students by Educational Background and Age I Fall 2006

| First-Time Students | Under 20 | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-49$ | $50+$ | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| High School Grad or Equiv | 2,980 | 1,587 | 274 | 173 | 149 | 287 | 130 | 5,580 |
| Not High School Grad | 103 | 130 | 55 | 41 | 34 | 47 | 23 | 433 |
| In Adult School | 24 | 21 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 77 |
| Associate Degree | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 12 |
| Bachelor Degree or Higher | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 18 |
| Unknown/Other | 76 | 276 | 20 | 24 | 25 | 45 | 20 | 486 |
| Total | 3,183 | 2,014 | 362 | 247 | 226 | 396 | 178 | 6,606 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| First-Time Students | Under 20 | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-49$ | $50+$ | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| High School Grad or Equiv | $53.4 \%$ | $28.4 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $84.5 \%$ |
| Not High School Grad | $23.8 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ | $12.7 \%$ | $9.5 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ | $10.9 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ |
| In Adult School | $31.2 \%$ | $27.3 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| Associate Degree | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $41.7 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Bachelor Degree or Higher | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $27.8 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ |
| Unknown/Other | $15.6 \%$ | $56.8 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $9.3 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ |
| Total | $48.2 \%$ | $30.5 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

The above table shows the number of First-Time Students by age group and educational background. Note that the total percentage of students that are not high school graduates or equivalent is $6.6 \%$, while $84.5 \%$ of First-Time Students have a high school diploma or equivalent. Special admits from K-12 are included in the Unknown/Other category.

## HIGH SCHOOL YIELDS

Table 3-5 I Student Yields from Feeder High Schools I Fall 2003

| High School | Graduating Class <br> Size 2003 | AVC Freshman <br> Fall 2003 | High School Yield |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Antelope Valley Adult | 365 | 13 | $3.6 \%$ |
| Antelope Valley HS | 327 | 283 | $86.5 \%$ |
| Boron HS | 39 | 6 | $15.4 \%$ |
| Desert HS (Edwards) | 91 | 46 | $50.5 \%$ |
| Desert Winds HS | 46 | 32 | $69.6 \%$ |
| Highland HS | 602 | 392 | $65.1 \%$ |
| Lancaster HS | 516 | 326 | $63.2 \%$ |
| Littlerock HS | 503 | 265 | $52.7 \%$ |
| Mojave HS | 105 | 39 | $37.1 \%$ |
| Palmdale HS | 581 | 407 | $70.1 \%$ |
| Paraclete HS | 137 | 125 | $91.2 \%$ |
| Quartz Hill HS | 608 | 747 | $73.5 \%$ |
| Rosamond HS | 120 | 2,459 | $65.0 \%$ |
| Average Yield | 4,040 |  | $60.9 \%$ |

Feeder schools are defined as all high schools within the college district that supply graduates to AVC. High school yield is the percentage of each school's graduating class that enrolls at AVC the following fall semester. The table above uses MIS high school of origin criteria to identify first-time freshmen under 22 years of age.

## FRESHMEN | ETHNICITY

Table 3-6 I Number of First-Time Freshmen by Ethnicity I Fall 2006

| Ethnicity | Students | Percentage |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | 2,385 | $36.1 \%$ |
| Hispanic | 2,151 | $32.6 \%$ |
| African-American | 1,253 | $19.0 \%$ |
| Asian | 175 | $2.6 \%$ |
| Filipino | 142 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Other Non-White | 119 | $1.8 \%$ |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 46 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Pacific Islander | 26 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Unknown | 311 | $4.7 \%$ |
| Total | 6,608 | $100.0 \%$ |

Figure 3-6 I Number of First-Time Freshmen by Ethnicity I Fall 2006


In Fall 2006, $59.2 \%$ of first-time freshmen are underrepresented minority students, compared with $55.8 \%$ of all credit students for the same term. First-time freshmen have a higher percentage of African-American and Hispanic students than the total credit student population (see Table 2-3).

## FIRST-TIME STUDENTS | AGE \& GENDER

Table 3-7 | Number of First-Time Freshmen by Age and Gender | Fall 2006

| First-Time <br> Students | Under 20 | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-49$ | $50+$ | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Female | 1,727 | 1,141 | 220 | 171 | 163 | 280 | 123 | 3,825 |
| Male | 1,424 | 860 | 136 | 75 | 61 | 108 | 53 | 2,717 |
| Unknown | 32 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 64 |
| Total | 3,183 | 2,014 | 362 | 247 | 226 | 396 | 178 | 6,606 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| First-Time <br> Students | Under 20 | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-49$ | $50+$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Female | $45.2 \%$ | $29.8 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $7.3 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $57.9 \%$ |
| Male | $52.4 \%$ | $31.7 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $41.1 \%$ |
| Unknown | $50.0 \%$ | $20.3 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| Total | $48.2 \%$ | $30.5 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Freshmen under age 20 have a much higher percentage of males, compared to older freshmen. Overall, there are more female first-time students enrolled than males. The difference between female and male percentages are less, however, than for all credit students for fall 2006 (see Table 2-1).

## SECTION FOUR | SPECIFIC STUDENT POPULATIONS



## SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Table 4-1 | Specific Student Populations I Fall 2001-Fall 2006

| Program | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CalWORKs | 807 | 663 | 217 | 401 | 391 | 322 |
| DSS | 512 | 610 | 528 | 519 | 582 | N/A |
| EOPS | 691 | 784 | 594 | 677 | 763 | 933 |
| Total | 2,010 | 2,057 | 1,339 | 1,597 | 1,736 | 1,255 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Program | Fall 2001 | Fall 2002 | Fall 2003 | Fall 2004 | Fall 2005 | Fall 2006 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| CalWORKs | $7.4 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $25.7 \%$ |
| DSS | $4.7 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | N/A |
| EOPS | $6.3 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $74.3 \%$ |
| Total | $18.4 \%$ | $16.2 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $13.3 \%$ | $14.4 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Total <br> Student <br> Population | 10,942 | 12,668 | 12,072 | 12,044 | 12,089 | 12,834 |

Figure 4-1 | Specific Student Populations | Fall 2001-Fall 2006


In the past six years, California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) participation has decreased while Extended Opportunity Programs and Services (EOPS) participation has increased.

## GENDER

Table 4-2 | Specific Student Populations by Gender I Fall 2006

| Gender | CalWORKs | DSS | EOPS |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Female | 292 | 353 | 711 |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 29 | 226 | 212 |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown | 1 | 3 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 322 | 582 | 933 |  |  |  |  |
| Gender |  |  |  |  | CalWORKs | DSS | EOPS |
| Female | $90.7 \%$ | $60.7 \%$ | $76.2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Male | $9.0 \%$ | $38.8 \%$ | $22.7 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown | $0.3 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |  |  |  |  |

Figure 4-2 | Specific Student Populations by Gender | Fall 2006


CalWORKs serves many single parents and is $90.7 \%$ female. Likewise, EOPS and Disabled Student Services (DSS) have higher percentages of female students but DSS more closely matches the general female student percentage of $61.3 \%$.

Note: The data for DSS participation for fall 2006 is unavailable. For the following tables and graphs, DSS data for fall 2006 is substituted with fall 2005 data.

## AGE

Table 4-3 I Specific Student Populations by Age I Fall 2006

| Age Group | CalWORKs | DSS | EOPS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 20 | 8 | 96 | 141 |
| $20-24$ | 90 | 157 | 251 |
| $25-29$ | 89 | 67 | 159 |
| $30-34$ | 50 | 45 | 104 |
| $35-39$ | 35 | 41 | 75 |
| $40-49$ | 39 | 111 | 133 |
| $50+$ | 11 | 65 | 70 |
| Total | 322 | 582 | 933 |
|  | BY PERCENTAGE |  |  |
| Age Group | CaIWORKs | DSS | EOPS |
| Under 20 | $2.5 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ |
| $20-24$ | $28.0 \%$ | $27.0 \%$ | $26.9 \%$ |
| $25-29$ | $27.6 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| $30-34$ | $15.5 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ |
| $35-39$ | $10.9 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |
| $40-49$ | $12.1 \%$ | $19.1 \%$ | $14.3 \%$ |
| $50+$ | $3.4 \%$ | $11.2 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Figure 4-3 | CalWORKs Participants by Age | Fall 2006


The CalWORKs program supports low-income parents, therefore students served by this program tend to be older than the general AVC population.

## AGE

Figure 4-4 \| DSS Participants by Age \| Fall 2006


Figure 4-5 | EOPS Participants by Age \| Fall 2006


The percentage of students served by the DSS program in the 40-49 age group is much larger than the other populations.

## ETHNICITY

Table 4-4 | Specific Student Populations by Ethnicity I Fall 2006

| Ethnicity | CalWORKs | DSS | EOPS |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African-American | 125 | 154 | 463 |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | 96 | 109 | 227 |  |  |  |  |
| White Non-Hispanic | 67 | 261 | 154 |  |  |  |  |
| Other Non-White | 19 | 10 | 49 |  |  |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 8 | 12 | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 6 | 13 | 14 |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown | 1 | 23 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 322 | 582 | 933 |  |  |  |  |
|  | BY PERCENTAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  | CalWORKs | DSS | EOPS |
| African-American | $38.8 \%$ | $26.5 \%$ | $49.6 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | $29.8 \%$ | $18.7 \%$ | $24.3 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| White Non-Hispanic | $20.8 \%$ | $44.8 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Other Non-White | $5.9 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | $2.5 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown | $0.3 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |  |  |  |  |

Figure 4-6 | CalWORKs Participants by Ethnicity I Fall 2006


| $\square$ African-American |
| :--- |
| $\square$ Hispanic |
| $\square$ White Non-Hispanic |
| $\square$ Other Non-White |
| $\square$ Asian or Pacific Islander |
| $\square$ American Indian/Alaskan Native |
| $\square$ Unknown |

The CalWORKs program serves a much higher percentage of African-American students ( $38.8 \%$ ) compared with the general student population of $18.6 \%$.

## ETHNICITY

Figure 4-7
DSS Participants by Ethnicity Fall 2006


Figure 4-8
EOPS Participants by Ethnicity Fall 2006


The majority of students served by the DSS program are white non-Hispanic. EOPS serves a much higher percentage of African-American students (49.6\%) compared with the general student population of $18.6 \%$.

## FINANCIAL AID

Table 4-5 | Financial Aid Sources | 2005-2006

| Financial Aid | Students | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal Work Study | 145 | \$283,466 |
| Scholarship (non-institutional) | 152 | \$141,325 |
| Stafford Loan (subsidized) | 921 | \$2,439,779 |
| Stafford Loan (unsubsidized) | 612 | \$1,733,010 |
| Stafford Loan Total | 1,533 | \$4,172,789 |
| Cal Grant B | 585 | \$650,714 |
| Cal Grant C | 96 | \$33,714 |
| EOPS Grant | 412 | \$192,785 |
| CARE Grant | 134 | \$140,411 |
| Chafee Grant | 23 | \$100,082 |
| Pell Grant | 3,514 | \$7,495,871 |
| SEOG | 338 | \$260,651 |
| Other Grant (non-institutional) | 57 | \$36,200 |
| Grant Total | 5,159 | \$8,910,428 |
| Grand Total | 6,989 | \$13,508,008 |



## SECTION FIVE \| FACULTY AND STAFF

Table 5-1 | Gender Distribution of Faculty | Fall 2006

| Faculty | Full-Time |  | Adjunct |  | All |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Female | 92 | $51 \%$ | 239 | $43 \%$ | 331 | $45 \%$ |
| Male | 89 | $49 \%$ | 312 | $57 \%$ | 401 | $55 \%$ |
| Total | 181 | $100 \%$ | 551 | $100 \%$ | 732 | $100 \%$ |

Figure 5-1
Gender Distribution of Faculty
Fall 2006


Full-time faculty has a larger percentage of females than males, whereas adjunct faculty has a larger percentage of males. In addition, full-time faculty has a smaller percentage of white non-Hispanic faculty than adjunct faculty. However, there is a large percentage of unknown ethnic data for full-time faculty.

The Classified and Confidential Management Supervisory staff has a large percentage of females and white nonHispanics (see Table 5-3).

Table 5-2 | Ethnic Distribution of Faculty I Fall 2006

| Faculty | Full-Time |  | Adjunct |  | All |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| African-American | 13 | $7 \%$ | 44 | $8 \%$ | 57 | $8 \%$ |
| Asian, Pacific Islander, Filipino | 5 | $3 \%$ | 13 | $2 \%$ | 18 | $2 \%$ |
| White Non-Hispanic | 138 | $76 \%$ | 472 | $86 \%$ | 610 | $83 \%$ |
| Hispanic | 5 | $3 \%$ | 12 | $2 \%$ | 17 | $2 \%$ |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 0 | $0 \%$ | 5 | $1 \%$ | 5 | $1 \%$ |
| Unknown | 20 | $11 \%$ | 5 | $1 \%$ | 25 | $3 \%$ |
| Total | 181 | $100 \%$ | 551 | $100 \%$ | 732 | $100 \%$ |

Figure 5-2 | Ethnic Distribution of Faculty \| Fall 2006


## CLASSIFIED STAFF

Table 5-3 | Gender and Ethnicity of Classified Staff | Fall 2006

| Gender | Headcount | Percent | FTE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Female | 132 | $66 \%$ | 132.0 |
| Male | 68 | $34 \%$ | 72.4 |
| Total | 200 | $100 \%$ | 200.4 |


| Ethnicity | Headcount | Percent | FTE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African-American | 27 | $14 \%$ | 27.5 |
| Asian, Pacific Islander, Filipino | 9 | $5 \%$ | 9.0 |
| White Non-Hispanic | 135 | $68 \%$ | 135.4 |
| Hispanic | 22 | $11 \%$ | 22.5 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 2 | $1 \%$ | 2.0 |
| Unknown | 4 | $2 \%$ | 4.0 |
| Total | 200 | $100 \%$ | 200.4 |



## SECTION SIX | OUTCOMES AND MEASURES OF SUCCESS

Table 6-1 I Student Credit Ratio \| Spring 2006

| Units Attempted | Percent of Units Completed |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | $0 \%$ | 1 to $50 \%$ | 51 to $99 \%$ | $100 \%$ | Total |
| 0.5 to 2.5 | 190 | 1 | 15 | 654 | 860 |
| 3.0 to 5.5 | 765 | 82 | 37 | 2,427 | 3,311 |
| 6.0 to 8.5 | 270 | 115 | 366 | 1,730 | 2,481 |
| 9.0 to 11.5 | 125 | 167 | 285 | 1,191 | 1,768 |
| 12.0 to 14.5 | 37 | 96 | 428 | 1,485 | 2,046 |
| 15.0 to 17.5 | 3 | 12 | 63 | 355 | 433 |
| $18.0+$ | 1 | 1 | 12 | 79 | 93 |
| Grand Total | 1,391 | 474 | 1,206 | 7,922 | 10,992 |


| Units Attempted | Percent of Units Completed |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $0.0 \%$ | 1 to $50 \%$ | 51 to $99 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | Total |
| 0.5 to 2.5 | $22.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $76.0 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ |
| 3.0 to 5.5 | $23.1 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $73.3 \%$ | $30.1 \%$ |
| 6.0 to 8.5 | $10.9 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $14.8 \%$ | $69.7 \%$ | $22.6 \%$ |
| 9.0 to 11.5 | $7.1 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $16.1 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $16.1 \%$ |
| 12.0 to 14.5 | $1.8 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $20.9 \%$ | $72.6 \%$ | $18.6 \%$ |
| 15.0 to 17.5 | $0.7 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ | $82.0 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| $18.0+$ | $1.1 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $12.9 \%$ | $84.9 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Grand Total | $12.7 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $72.1 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

The Student Credit Ratio is the ratio between the number of units attempted at census and the number of units completed. The above table shows the number of students that completed all units they enrolled in ( $100 \%$ ), at least half the units they enrolled in $(51-99 \%)$, less than half $(1-50 \%)$, or none $(0 \%)$. The table shows a $72.1 \%$ of students completed all the units they enrolled in at census for spring 2006. Note that part-time students attempting between 6-12 units, are less likely to complete $100 \%$ than students taking less than six or more than 12 units. Full-time students taking more than 15 units are more likely to complete all units than all other students.

Figure 6-1 | Student Credit Ratio | Spring 2006


Figure 6-2 | Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters | Fall 2001-Fall 2004 Cohorts


Table 6-2 | Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters I Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts

| First Term | Start | Term 2 | Term 3 | Term 4 | Term 5 | Term 6 | Term 7 | Term 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall 2001 | 10,177 | 6,518 | 4,627 | 3,697 | 2,829 | 2,380 | 1,773 | 1,525 |
| Fall 2002 | 11,984 | 6,988 | 5,172 | 4,280 | 3,138 | 2,661 | 1,955 |  |
| Fall 2003 | 11,461 | 7,048 | 4,992 | 4,074 | 2,940 |  |  |  |
| Fall 2004 | 11,360 | 6,867 | 4,817 | 4,035 |  |  |  |  |
| First Term | Fall | Spring | Fall | Spring | Fall | Spring | Fall | Spring |
| Fall 2001 | $100.0 \%$ | $64.0 \%$ | $45.5 \%$ | $36.3 \%$ | $27.8 \%$ | $23.4 \%$ | $17.4 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ |
| Fall 2002 | $100.0 \%$ | $58.3 \%$ | $43.2 \%$ | $35.7 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ | $16.3 \%$ |  |
| Fall 2003 | $100.0 \%$ | $61.5 \%$ | $43.6 \%$ | $35.5 \%$ | $25.7 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Fall 2004 | $100.0 \%$ | $60.4 \%$ | $42.4 \%$ | $35.5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |

Student Term Persistence applies to a cohort of students tracked across several terms. To be counted as persisting from one term to the next, a student must be enrolled past census in at least one course during both terms. Figure 6-2 shows the persistence rates for four cohorts of fall credit students over eight semesters, fall and spring terms only. Note that the trend is nearly the same for all four cohorts. By the eighth semester, the fall 2001 cohort only retained $15 \%$ of the original students. Note: This study does not suggest why students fail to return to AVC, including those who have completed their educational goals.

## PERSISTENCE

Figure 6-3
First-Time Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters
Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts


Table 6-3
First-Time Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters
Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts

| First Term | Start | Term 2 | Term 3 | Term 4 | Term 5 | Term 6 | Term 7 | Term 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall 2001 | 2,782 | 1,560 | 1,122 | 906 | 664 | 500 | 380 | 297 |
| Fall 2002 | 5,711 | 3,529 | 2,522 | 1,945 | 1,409 | 1,134 | 783 | 635 |
| Fall 2003 | 6,991 | 4,455 | 3,225 | 2,592 | 1,837 | 1,487 | 1,030 | 819 |
| Fall 2004 | 7,507 | 4,828 | 3,434 | 2,820 | 1,960 | 1,555 |  |  |
| BY PERCENTAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Term | Fall | Spring | Fall | Spring | Fall | Spring | Fall | Spring |
| Fall 2001 | 100.0\% | 56.1\% | 40.3\% | 32.6\% | 23.9\% | 18.0\% | 13.7\% | 10.7\% |
| Fall 2002 | 100.0\% | 61.8\% | 44.2\% | 34.1\% | 24.7\% | 19.9\% | 13.7\% | 11.1\% |
| Fall 2003 | 100.0\% | 63.7\% | 46.1\% | 37.1\% | 26.3\% | 21.3\% | 14.7\% | 11.7\% |
| Fall 2004 | 100.0\% | 64.3\% | 45.7\% | 37.6\% | 26.1\% | 20.7\% |  |  |

Student Term Persistence applies to a cohort of students tracked across several terms. To be counted as persisting from one term to the next, a student must be enrolled past census in at least one course during both terms. Figure 6-3 shows the persistence rates for four cohorts of first-time students over eight semesters, fall and spring terms only. Note that the trend is nearly the same for all four cohorts. Note: This study does not suggest why students fail to return to AVC, including those who have completed their educational goals.

## DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES

Table 6-4
Degrees and Certificates Awarded 2000-2001 to 2006-2007

| Degrees and Certificates | $2000-2001$ | $2001-2002$ | $2002-2003$ | $2003-2004$ | $2004-2005$ | $2005-2006$ | $2006-2007^{*}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Associate in Arts | 435 | 566 | 594 | 618 | 614 | 524 | 243 |
| Associate in Science | 175 | 180 | 235 | 237 | 258 | 251 | 111 |
| Total Degrees | 610 | 746 | 829 | 855 | 872 | 775 | 354 |
| Total Degrees (Unduplicated) | 583 | 711 | 786 | 821 | 834 | 737 | 328 |


| Total Certificates | 232 | 203 | 259 | 298 | 240 | 231 | 32 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total Certificates (Unduplicated) | 192 | 163 | 210 | 259 | 202 | 199 | 29 |


| Total Awarded | 842 | 949 | 1,088 | 1,153 | 1,112 | 1,006 | 386 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Awarded (Unduplicated) | 775 | 874 | 996 | 1,080 | 1,036 | 936 | 357 |

Overall in the past six school terms (not including 2006-2007), the number of degrees and certificates has increased. The last school term, 2005-2006, has a slight decrease in the number of degrees and certificates awarded. Unduplicated data counts individuals that have received a degree or certificate.

* School term 2006-2007 only, includes data from fall 2006.


## DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES | GENDER

Table 6-5
Percentage of Certificate and Degree Recipients by Gender 2000-2001 to 2006-2007

| School Year | Certificate Recipients |  |  | Degree Recipients |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Male | Unknown | Female | Male | Unknown |
| $2000-2001$ | 119 | 73 | 0 | 407 | 174 | 2 |
| $2001-2002$ | 97 | 66 | 0 | 482 | 227 | 2 |
| $2002-2003$ | 112 | 98 | 0 | 557 | 226 | 3 |
| $2003-2004$ | 153 | 104 | 2 | 608 | 209 | 4 |
| $2004-2005$ | 101 | 86 | 15 | 575 | 258 | 1 |
| $2005-2006$ | 11 | 95 | 3 | 483 | 247 | 7 |
| $2006-2007^{*}$ |  | 18 | 0 | 233 | 91 | 4 |

Figure 6-4 | Degree Recipients by Gender I 2000-2001 to 2005-2006


Figure 6-5 | Certificate Recipients by Gender \| 2000-2001 to 2005-2006


As seen from the charts above, over the past six years $70 \%$ of degree recipients and $57 \%$ of certificate recipients were female. The percentage of female degree recipients is slightly higher than the $62 \%$ average female student body and suggests that women earn degrees at a higher rate than men.

## DEGREES | ETHNICITY

Figure 6-6 | Degree Recipients by Ethnicity | 2000-2001 to 2005-2006


Table 6-6 I Degree Recipients by Ethnicity | 2000-2001 to 2006-2007

| Ethnicity | $2000-2001$ | $2001-2002$ | $2002-2003$ | $2003-2004$ | $2004-2005$ | $2005-2006$ | $2006-2007^{*}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | 340 | 416 | 437 | 446 | 459 | 394 | 165 |
| Hispanic | 97 | 114 | 159 | 178 | 179 | 150 | 6 |
| African-American | 90 | 98 | 108 | 107 | 100 | 90 | 44 |
| Filipino | 16 | 10 | 17 | 10 | 19 | 27 | 10 |
| Asian | 13 | 22 | 17 | 20 | 30 | 17 | 7 |
| Other Non-White | 3 | 9 | 9 | 18 | 11 | 17 | 8 |
| American Indian/ AK Native | 6 | 7 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 10 | 2 |
| Pacific Islander | 1 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Unknown | 17 | 29 | 24 | 30 | 27 | 29 | 22 |
| Total Degrees (Unduplicated) | 583 | 711 | 786 | 821 | 834 | 737 | 328 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Ethnicity | $2000-2001$ | $2001-2002$ | $2002-2003$ | $2003-2004$ | $2004-2005$ | $2005-2006$ | $2006-2007^{*}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | $58.3 \%$ | $58.5 \%$ | $55.6 \%$ | $54.3 \%$ | $55.0 \%$ | $53.5 \%$ | $50.3 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $16.6 \%$ | $16.0 \%$ | $20.2 \%$ | $21.7 \%$ | $21.5 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $20.1 \%$ |
| African-American | $15.4 \%$ | $13.8 \%$ | $13.7 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ |
| Filipino | $2.7 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ |
| Asian | $2.2 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| Other Non-White | $0.5 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |
| American Indian/ AK Native | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ |
| Pacific Islander | $0.2 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| Unknown | $2.9 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ |
| Total Degrees (Unduplicated) | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Over the past six years an average of $56 \%$ of AVC degree recipients were white non-Hispanic. The percentage of Hispanic students earning an AA or AS degree had a noticeable increase in the 2002-2003 school year. The percentage of African-American degree recipients has decreased over the past six school terms (excluding 2006-2007).

* School term 2006-2007 only, includes data from fall 2006.


## CERTIFICATES | ETHNICITY

Figure 6-7 | Certificate Recipients by Ethnicity I 2000-2001 to 2005-2006


Table 6-7 I Certificate Recipients by Ethnicity I 2000-2001 to 2006-2007

| Ethnicity | $2000-2001$ | $2001-2002$ | $2002-2003$ | $2003-2004$ | $2004-2005$ | $2005-2006$ | $2006-2007^{*}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | 107 | 87 | 116 | 132 | 97 | 84 | 10 |
| Hispanic | 29 | 32 | 49 | 60 | 48 | 47 | 10 |
| African-American | 31 | 28 | 26 | 32 | 32 | 37 | 8 |
| Asian | 6 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| American Indian/ AK Native | 2 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| Filipino | 6 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Other Non-White | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Unknown | 8 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 1 |
| Total Certificates (Unduplicated) | 192 | 163 | 210 | 259 | 202 | 199 | 29 |

BY PERCENTAGE

| Ethnicity | $2000-2001$ | $2001-2002$ | $2002-2003$ | $2003-2004$ | $2004-2005$ | $2005-2006$ | $2006-2007^{*}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | $53.4 \%$ | $53.4 \%$ | $55.2 \%$ | $51.0 \%$ | $48.0 \%$ | $42.2 \%$ | $34.5 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $19.6 \%$ | $19.6 \%$ | $23.3 \%$ | $23.2 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ | $23.6 \%$ | $34.5 \%$ |
| African-American | $17.2 \%$ | $17.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ | $15.8 \%$ | $18.6 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Asian | $1.8 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| American Indian/ AK Native | $0.6 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Filipino | $1.8 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Other Non-White | $1.8 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Pacific Islander | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Unknown | $3.7 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Total Certificates (Unduplicated) | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Over the past six years an average of $50 \%$ of AVC certificate recipients were white non-Hispanic. In the past three school terms (excluding 2006-2007), the percentage of white non-Hispanic certificate recipients has been decreasing while the percentage of Hispanic and African-American recipients has been increasing.

* School term 2006-2007 only, includes data from fall 2006.


## | ADDENDUM

Figure A-1 | Enrollment History and Projections | 1973 to 2005


Source: CCCCO Research \& Planning office, Long Range Enrollment and WSCH Forecast, Dec. 2001.

## ACCOUNTABILITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION

THE ANTELOPE VALLEY COLLEGE FACT BOOK is a reference manual containing trend data about the district's service area; demographics on our students, faculty and staff; and enrollment patterns. Information contained in this publication is intended as a resource for AVC managers, faculty and staff to facilitate strategic planning and decision-making. In addition, The Antelope Valley College Fact Book addresses various accountability measures adopted by both the state and federal government, the California State Chancellor's Office and accrediting agencies as explained below.

ASSEMBLY BILL 1725 (1988) requires the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges to develop and implement a comprehensive accountability program focused on system wide collection and reporting of information concerning student access, student success, student satisfaction, staff composition and fiscal condition. ASSEMBLY BILL 1808 (1991) elaborates on the provisions of AB 1725 to expand reporting requirements.

In 1998, SENATE BILL 645 established The Partnership for Excellence program (PFE) as a means of implementing the commitment of the California Community College to significantly expand its contribution to the social and economic success of California. Districts are required to report on their progress in contributing to statewide goals in five areas of performance: (1) transfer; (2) degrees and certificates; (3) successful course completion; (4) workforce development; and (5) basic skills improvement.

THE STUDENT EQUITY PROGRAM requires annual reporting by individual colleges to the State of California concerning access, retention, degree and certificate completion, ESL, basic skills completion and transfer for each of the historically underrepresented groups.

With the amendments of 1998 (HR 1853), the federal government extended provisions of the CARL D. PERKINS VOCATIONAL AND APPLIED TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION ACT to all populations. Previous amendments to this legislation had strengthened accountability requirements, requiring states to report annually on selected benchmarks designed to indicate progress in achieving a state's goals, including placement and retention, increased earnings and skill mastery.

THE WESTERN ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES (WASC) provides in its accreditation standards for assessment of "Institutional Integrity, Purposes, Planning and Effectiveness." This stand requires that the "planning process uses the results of institutional research on subjects such as institutional effectiveness, student outcomes, and demographics" (1C.2) and, further, that "institutional research and program review are conducted as essential elements in planning and evaluating institutional effectiveness" (1D.1).

We hope the data displayed on the preceding pages will assist the college in ensuring access to a quality education to students and successful fulfillment of the district's mission, as well as compliance with state and federal requirements.
Table 1-4 Age Level of Population by ZIP Code ..... 14
Figure 4-3 CalWORKs Participants by Age, Fall 2006 ..... 35
Figure 4-6 CalWORKs Participants by Ethnicity, Fall 2006 ..... 37
Figure 6-7 Certificate Pecipients by Ethnicity, 2000-01 to 2005-06. ..... 47
Table 6-7 Certificate Pecipients by Ethnicity, 2000-01 to 2006-07. ..... 47
Figure 6-5 Certificate Pecipients by Gender, 2000-01 to 2005-06. ..... 45
Figure 3-4 Continuing Students, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 29
Table 3-2 Credit Students by Academic Level, Fall 2001-Fall 2005 ..... 27
Table 2-2 Credit Students by Age Group, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 19
Table 3-1 Credit Students by Educational Background, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 26
Table 6-4 Degrees and Certificates Awarded, 2000-01 to 2006-07. ..... 44
Figure 6-6 Degree Recipients by Ethnicity, 2000-01 to 2005-06. ..... 46
Table 6-6 Degree Recipients by Ethnicity, 2000-01 to 2006-07. ..... 46
Figure 6-4 Degree Recipients by Gender, 2000-01 to 2005-06. ..... 45
Figure 4-4 DSPS Participants by Age, Fall 2006 ..... 36
Figure 4-7 DSPS Participants by Ethnicity, Fall 2006. ..... 38
Table 1-3 Education Level of Adult Population by ZIP Code. ..... 2-13
Figure A-1 Enrollment History and Projections, 1973 to 2005 ..... 48
Figure 4-5 EOPS Participants by Age, Fall 2006 ..... 36
Figure 4-8 EOPS Participants by Ethnicity, Fall 2006 ..... 38
Figure 5-2 Ethnic Distribution of Faculty, Fall 2006 ..... 40
Table 5-2 Ethnic Distribution of Faculty, Fall 2006 ..... 40
Table 1-5 Ethnic Distribution of Population by ZIP Code. ..... 14
Figure 2-2 Fall Student Enrollment, 2001-2006 ..... 17
Table 1-1 Fall 2006 Student Enrollment, Adult and Residential Population by ZIP Code ..... 10
Table 4-5 Financial Aid Sources, 2005-2006 ..... 38
Figure 3-5 First-Time College Students, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 29
Figure 6-3 First-Time Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters, Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts ..... 43
Table 6-3 First-Time Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters, Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts ..... 43
Table 3-4 First-Time Students by Educational Background and Age Fall 2006 ..... 30
Figure 5-1 Gender Distribution of Faculty, Fall 2006 ..... 39
Table 5-1 Gender Distribution of Faculty, Fall 2006 ..... 39
Table 5-3 Gender and Ethnicity of Classified Staff, Fall 2006. ..... 40
Table 1-6 Household Income in 1999 by ZIP Code. ..... 15
MAPS Maps of AVC District and Service Area. ..... 8-9Table 1-7 Median Household Income in 1999by ZIP Code16
Table 3-3 Number of Credit Students by Enrollment Status,Fall 2001-Fall 200628
Table 3-7 Number of First-Time Freshmen by Age and Gender, Fall 2006 ..... 32
Figure 3-6 Number of First-Time Freshmen by Ethnicity,
Fall 2006 ..... 31
Table 3-6 Number of First-Time Freshmen by Ethnicity, Fall 2006 ..... 31
Table 6-5 Percentage of Certificate and Degree Recipients by Gender, 2000-01 to 2006-07 ..... 44
Figure 3-2 Percentage of Credit Students by Academic Level, Fall 2001-Fall 2005 ..... 27
Figure 2-5 Percentage of Credit Students by Age Group, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 20
Figure 2-4 Percentage of Credit Students by Age Group, Fall 2006 ..... 19
Figure 3-1 Percentage of Credit Students by Educational Background, Fall 2006 ..... 25
Figure 3-3 Percentage of Credit Students by Enrollment Status, Fall 2001-Fall 2006. ..... 28
Figure 2-9 Percentage of Credit Students by Day/Evening Status, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 24
Table 2-5 Percentage of Credit Students by Day/Evening Status, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 24
Figure 2-7 Percentage of Credit Students by Ethnicity, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 22
Figure 2-6 Percentage of Credit Students by Ethnicity, Fall 2006 ..... 21
Figure 2-8 Percentage of Credit Students by Full-Time Status, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 23
Figure 1-1 Pupil Participation Rates, Fall 2006 ..... 11
Table 1-2 Pupil Participation Rates, Fall 2006 ..... 11
Figure 4-1 Specific Student Populations, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 33
Table 4-1 Specific Student Populations, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 33
Table 4-3 Specific Student Populations by Age, Fall 2006 ..... 35
Table 4-4 Specific Student Populations by Ethnicity, Fall 2006 ..... 37
Figure 4-2 Specific Student Populations by Gender, Fall 2006 ..... 34
Table 4-2 Specific Student Populations by Gender, Fall 2006 ..... 34
Figure 6-1 Student Credit Ratio, Spring 2006 ..... 42
Table 6-1 Student Credit Ratio, Spring 2006 ..... 41
Figure 2-1 Student Enrollment, 2000-2006 ..... 17
Figure 2-3 Student Enrollment by Gender, Fall 2006 ..... 18
Figure 6-2 Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters,Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts42
Table 6-2 Student Term Persistence over Eight Semesters, Fall 2001 to Fall 2004 Cohorts ..... 42
Table 3-5 Student Yields from Feeder High Schools, Fall 2003 ..... 30
Table 2-3 Total Credit Students by Ethnicity,Fall 2001-Fall 200621
Table 2-4 Total Credit Students by Full-Time Status, Fall 2001-Fall 2006 ..... 23
Table 2-1 Total Credit Students by Gender,Fall 2001-Fall 200618

Office of Institutional Research \& Planning
Antelope Valley College
3041 West Avenue K • Lancaster, CA 93536 I (661) 722-6578 I E-mail: tyounglove@avc.edu

