## BLOOM'S TAXONOMY Methods Requiring Cognitive Outcomes

				*Critical	
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			Thinking		
					Evaluation
					judge
					appraise
				Synthesis	evaluate
				compose	rate
				plan	compare
			Analysis	propose	value
			distinguish	design	revise
			analyze	formulate	score
			differentiate	arrange	select
			appraise	assemble	choose
		Application	calculate	collect	assess
		interpret	experiment	construct	estimate
		apply	test	create	measure
		employ	compare	set up	measure
		use	contrast	organize	
	Comprehension	demonstrate	criticize	prepare	
	translate	dramatize	diagram	prepare	
	restate	practice	inspect		
	discuss	illustrate	debate		
	describe	operate	inventory		
	recognize	schedule	question		
	explain	shop	relate		
Knowledge	express	sketch	solve		
define	identify	SKetten	examine		
repeat	locate		categorize		
record	report		categonize		
list	review				
recall	tell				
name					
relate					
underline					
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\*In order to comply with Title 5 regulations for college-level credit courses, a majority of the measurable objectives must be designed using the highest order of cognitive outcomes: analysis, synthesis, and evaluation. However, the full range of terms from the taxonomy can be used when appropriate to the course and/or discipline, especially for those courses that require skill development, problem solving, and demonstration.

taken from Benjamin Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives, 1956, 1984.