

See General Rules, Eye Protection & other Policies on www.soinc.org as they apply to every event.

1. **DESCRIPTION**: Students will demonstrate an understanding of the properties and evolution of stars **especially star forming regions and supernova remnants** and their observation with different portions of the electromagnetic spectrum: Radio, Infrared, Visible, Ultraviolet, X-Ray and Gamma Ray.

REACH FOR THE STARS

A TEAM OF UP TO: 2

APPROXIMATE TIME: 50 Minutes

- 2. **EVENT PARAMETERS**: Each team may bring only two 8.5" x 11" two-sided pages of information in any form from any source and **may be asked to provide clipboards and red-filtered flashlights**.
- 3. <u>THE COMPETITION</u>: This event is divided into two parts. Notes may be used during both parts.
 - a. **Part I**: Participants **may** be asked to identify the stars, constellations, and deep sky objects included in the lists below as they appear on star charts, H-R diagrams, portable star labs, photos, or planetariums, and **must** be knowledgeable about the evolutionary stages of all stars and deep sky objects on the list below. Note: <u>Constellations</u> are underlined; **Stars** are boldface; *Deep Sky Objects* are italicized.

Aquila: Altair, W49 region Aquarius: NGC 7293, Helix Nebula Auriga: Capella Bootes: Arcturus Canis Major: Sirius Canis Minor: Procyon Carina: NGC3603, NGC3372 Cassiopeia: Cas A, Tycho's SNR, NGC 281, W3 Main Dorado: 30 Doradus, LMC Cygnus: Deneb, Cygnus X-1 Gemini: Castor & Pollux Hydrus: NGC 602 Leo: Regulus Lyra: Vega Monoceros: Rosette Nebula Ophiuchus: Zeta Ophiuchi, Kepler SNR Orion: Betelgeuse, Rigel & M42 Orion Nebula Perseus: Algol Sagittarius: Sgr A*, M17, M8 Scorpius: Antares Taurus: Aldebaran, M1 Crab Nebula Ursa Minor: Polaris Ursa Major: Mizar & Alcor Virgo: Spica

- b. <u>**Part II**</u>: Participants will be asked to complete one or more hands-on or interpretive tasks selected from the following topics:
 - i. Stellar evolution
 - ii. Spectral classification of stars
 - iii. Observation using multiple portions of the electromagnetic spectrum
 - iv. The relationship between stellar temperature, radius, and luminosity

v. Magnitude and luminosity scales, distance modulus, inverse square law

4. <u>SAMPLE PERFORMANCE TASKS</u>:

- a. Given the properties and/or spectra of stars and deep sky objects, participants will identify their proper placement on an H-R Diagram.
- b. Given a set of images observing a star or deep space object with different portions of the electromagnetic spectrum, identify which images correspond to which portion of the spectrum and describe what features are prominent in each observation and why.
- 5. <u>SCORING</u>: Each task and/or question will have been assigned a predetermined number of points. High score wins. Ties will be broken by the accuracy and thoroughness of responses.

Recommended Resources: All reference and training resources including the **Audubon Field Guide to the Night Sky** and the **Bio/Earth CD** are available on the Official Science Olympiad Store or Website at http://www.soinc.org Also See: http://chandra.harvard.edu/, http://www.nrao.edu/, aavso.org, http://www.stsci.edu/hst/, http://www.spitzer.caltech.edu/

THIS EVENT IS SPONSORED BY: NASA Astrophysics Division